Here are factsheets describing the lawyers' training systems in the EU Member States. They can be useful to national Bars and in order to compare the training of lawyers who want to exercise their right to freedom of establishment in another Member State.

Belgium: The French/German and Dutch-speaking Bars are responsible for organising the induction period. Bulgaria: Bars are responsible for organising the induction period. Czech Republic: The Bar Association and law firms or companies are responsible for organising the induction period. Denmark: The induction period is organised by private practice or law firms and by the Danish Bar and Law Society. Germany: The German Bar and the Appeal Courts are responsible for organising the induction period. Continuous training is supervised by Regional Bars, the Deutsches Anwaltsinstitut and the Deutsches AnwaltsAkademie. Estonia: The induction period is organised by the Bar Association and universities. Continuous training is supervised by the Bar. Ireland: The induction period is organised by the Law Society and private practices or law firms. Greece: The Bar Association and the Ministry of Justice are in charge of organising the induction period. Spain: Bars and universities are in charge of organising the induction period. Voluntary continuous training provided by the Schools of Legal Practice is supervised by the Bar. France: Regional bar schools and the National Council of French Bars are in charge of organising the induction period. Continuous training is supervised by the National Council of French Bars, the Inter-professional Funds for the continuous training of the liberal professions and professional lawyer trade unions. Croatia: The Bar Association is in charge of organising the induction period and supervising continuous training. Italy: Bar Associations, private training providers, private training providers accredited by the Bar, universities and lawyers' academies or other structures established by the Bar organise the induction period. The Bar supervises continuous training. Cyprus: The Legal Board of the Bar Association organises the induction period. Latvia: Private practice or law firms and a special institution established by the Council of Sworn Advocates organise the induction period. The Council of Sworn Advocates also supervises continuous training. Lithuania: The Bar Association and private practice or law firms organise the induction period. The Bar also supervises continuous training activities. Luxembourg: The Bar Association and private practice or law firms organise the induction period. Hungary: The Bar Association organises the induction period. Malta: Private practice and law firms organise the induction period. Netherlands: Private practice and law firms, private training providers accredited by the Bar and lawyers' academies and other training structures established by the Bar organise the induction period. Austria: The Bar, private practice and law firms, private training providers, private training providers attached to the Bar, universities and lawyers' academies or other training structures of the Bar organise the induction period.
The factsheets were put together by the Council of Bars and Law Societies of Europe (CCBE) and the European Centre for Judges and Lawyers of EIPA in the framework of the Pilot project on European judicial training. Click here for more information.

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